In the Claims:

Please enter the following amended claim set:

1. (currently amended) A method for measuring an evolution rate of carbon dioxide from a sample, the method comprising the steps of:

placing pre-incubating a sample in gas communication with a solution comprising an alkaline solution and a pH indicator;

permitting the alkaline solution to absorb carbon dioxide formed by the sample in an enclosed space;

following the placing pre-incubating step, determining from a change in the pH indicator a time increment at which an increment of the alkaline solution is substantially consumed by the carbon dioxide;

calculating from the time increment a carbon dioxide evolution rate.

- 2. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the placing pre-incubating step comprises shaking the sample and the solution to enhance carbon dioxide absorption.
- 3. (previously presented) The method recited in Claim 2, wherein the shaking step comprises shaking at a fixed rate.
- 4. (original) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the alkaline solution comprises sodium hydroxide and barium chloride.

- 5. (original) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the indicator comprises phenolphthalein.
- 6. (original) The method recited in Claim 5, wherein the indicator further comprises an ethanol solution.
- 7. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 1, further comprising the step of performing a pre-equilibration comprising the steps, prior to the placing step, of wherein the pre-incubating step comprises:
- a. placing the sample in gas communication with a first amount of the solution comprising an alkaline solution and a pH indicator, the first amount sufficient to absorb the carbon dioxide formed during a predetermined amount of time;
- b. permitting the alkaline solution to absorb the formed carbon dioxide in the enclosed space for the predetermined amount of time; and
- c. withdrawing the alkaline solution to leave a predetermined portion in the reaction chamber following the step (a).
- 8. (previously presented) The method recited in Claim 7, wherein the withdrawing step comprises withdrawing substantially all of the solution.

- 9. (previously presented) The method recited in Claim 7, wherein step (a) comprises placing a sample in gas communication with a predetermined quantity of the alkaline solution and the portion comprises the predetermined quantity.
- 10. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the placing pre-incubating step comprises injecting a predetermined quantity of the alkaline solution into the reaction chamber.
- 11. (currently amended) The method recited in Claim 10, further comprising the steps of:

repeating the placing <u>pre-incubating</u>, permitting, and determining step <u>steps</u> a predetermined number of times; and

averaging the time increments from the repeated placing <u>pre-incubating</u>, permitting, and determining steps; and wherein

the calculating step comprises calculating from the averaged time increment a carbon dioxide evolution rate.

- **12.** (original) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the change in the pH indicator comprises a visualizable color change.
- 13. (previously presented) The method recited in Claim 1, wherein the calculating step comprises using the following equation:

carbon dioxide evolution rate = $(0.1 \times 10^3 \times M/2)/60t$, wherein M is the alkaline concentration of the solution and t is the time increment.

14. (withdrawn) A device for measuring an evolution rate of a gas from a sample, the device comprising:

a sample vial having an opening into an interior space for containing a sample therein; and

a reaction chamber having an opening adapted for mating with the sample vial opening and a solution-receiving opening for receiving a solution comprising an alkaline solution and a pH indicator, the reaction chamber dimensioned for equilibrating the sample with a predetermined amount of the solution to attain a CO₂ absorption/evolution equilibrium between the alkaline solution and the sample.

- 15. (withdrawn) The device recited in Claim 14, wherein the sample vial has a threaded coupling adjacent the opening and the reaction chamber has a septum liner leading to the sample vial, the septum liner matable with the threaded coupling.
- 16. (withdrawn) The device recited in Claim 14, wherein the reaction chamber comprises a substantially transparent spherical member and the solution-receiving opening is adapted for receiving a syringe tip thereinto.

17. (withdrawn) A system for measuring an evolution rate of a gas from a sample, the system comprising:

a respirometer device comprising:

a sample vial having an opening into an interior space for containing a sample therein; and

a reaction chamber having a mixing opening adapted for mating with the sample vial opening and a solution-receiving opening for receiving a solution comprising an alkaline solution and a pH indicator, the reaction chamber dimensioned for equilibrating the sample with a predetermined amount of the alkaline solution; and

means for determining from a change in the pH indicator a time increment at which an increment of the alkaline solution is substantially consumed by the formed CO₂.

- 18. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 17, further comprising means for shaking the sample and the solution to enhance carbon dioxide absorption.
- 19. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 18, wherein the shaking means comprises means for shaking at a fixed rate.
- **20.** (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 19, wherein the shaking means comprises an orbital shaker.

- 21. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 17, further comprising a syringe for injecting solution into the reaction chamber.
- 22. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 17, wherein the alkaline solution comprises sodium hydroxide and barium chloride.
- 23. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 17, wherein the indicator comprises phenolphthalein.
- 24. (withdrawn) The system recited in Claim 23, wherein the indicator further comprises an ethanol solution.
- **25. (withdrawn)** The system recited in Claim 17, further comprising means for withdrawing at least some of the solution following a pre-equilibration period to leave a predetermined portion in the reaction chamber.